

Option Summary Comparison									
	Option 1 - NASA Reinvention		Option 2 - Non-Profit Institute		Option 3 - FFRDC		Option 4 - Gov Corporation		
a. Business Model Definition	A new Enterprise that manages utilization infrastructure to facilitate ISS utilization.		A contract to a non-profit organization devoted to research.		A not-for-profit entity, operating as a strategic partner with NASA to solve complex technical problems associated with research and analysis.		A non-profit entity which combines the flexibility of a business with the public purpose and duties of the government.		
b. Functional Description	The new Enterprise provides focus on STS/ ISS Utilization Management and provides greater advocacy and visibility to the user community.		The Institute provides Science/Technology/ Commercial leadership, manages Guest Investigator programs, and sustains and/or develops designated payloads.		An entity that performs strategic and tactical utilization management, Science/ Technology/Commercial leadership, customer integration and operations support, and manages data dissemination and		The Government Corporation provides a customer-centric organization to facilitate and optimize academic, government, and industry utilization of the ISS.		
1. Functions transitioned to the NGO	n/a		Lead: 13a, 18, 19, 20 Lead: 3a, 4, 5a, 6, 7, 8, 9 - case specific Lead: 1b, 3, 4, 5a - GI only Support: 1a, 2, 5b, 6b		Lead: 1b, 1c, 3a, 3c, 4, 5, 6* (customer support), 6c, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20 Support: 0, 1a, 2a		All except 0, 12, 17		
2. Functions retained by NASA	All		0, 1a, 1c, 2, 4, 5b, 10, 11, 12, 13b, 14, 15, 16 3, 4, 5a, 6, 7, 8, 9 case specific		0, 1 (contract oversight), 2, 6a, 6b, 12, 15		0, 12		
c. Proposed Transition Period	FY03-FY04		FY05-FY09		FY04 - FY07		FY06-FY08		
d. Unweighted Blue Team Evaluation Criteria Score	25		21		25		29		
e. Major Strengths (3)	1. Integrated flight research strategy across NASA, other government agencies, and platforms 2. Customer focus with Smart Integration Team responding to customer needs 3. Utilize current human capital strengths and experience within NASA		1. Provides independent leadership for, and representation of, S/T/C user community while NASA Enterprises retain control of ISS utilization priorities and 2. Maintains the balance of technical and leadership competencies between NASA and the Institute 3. Minimal impact to ISS vehicle, vehicle interfaces, and ongoing integrated engineering		1. Leads all Functions necessary to represent S/T/C community 2. Ability to partner w/NASA to represent ISS users at all appropriate board levels 3. Ability to more effectively advocate ISS users		1. Powerful organization with high likelihood of realizing positive change for ISS Utilization 2. Direct access to Congress and capability for self-promotion and revenue production 3. Provides smooth and safe transition of functions and personnel		
f. Major Weaknesses (3)	1. Perception as status quo 2. Perceived or real difficulty in reorganizing NASA 3. Lack of direct jurisdiction by research Codes over research flow on each and every increment		1. Difficult to provide leadership for all 3 (S/T/C) communities and multiple science disciplines with one 2. Responsibility for GI program selections and ability of staff to propose introduces potential for conflict of interest 3. Delegating utilization manifesting to the Institute may negatively impact current efforts to consolidate and streamline STS and ISS		1. Interface concerns 2. By not incorporating PD function into the FFRDC model, a perceived inability to attract "best and brightest" 3. Potential for organizational abuse		1. Final content of Charter not controlled by NASA 2. Requires long-term NASA Human Capital Strategy 3. Reduces NASA's ability to leverage expertise across Programs		
g. Outcome Summaries									
1. Workforce (FTE)	NASA	NGO	NASA	NGO	NASA	NGO	NASA	NGO	
	CS/Cont	Total	CS/Cont	Total	CS/Cont	Total	CS/Cont	Total	
FY03	631/1785	0	626/1780	0	626/1780	0	626/1780	0	
FY05	589/1634	0	582/1621	73	375/1467	479	589/1634	65	
FY07	557/1467	0	510/1271	412	243/371	1712	55/48	2331	
2. Budget (\$M)	NASA	NGO	NASA	NGO	NASA	NGO	NASA	NGO	
FY03	342	0	341	0	341	0	341	0	
FY05	327	0	317	18	301	69	326	10	
FY07	283	0	228	88	91	282	40	327	
3. Potential Competency Impacts by Center	All: Low		All: Low		ARC: Medium GRC: Medium JSC: High KSC: Low MSFC: High		ARC: High GRC: High JSC: High KSC: High MSFC: High		
4. Potential Facility Impacts	Low		Low		Medium		Medium		
h. Ease of Establishment	Low		Medium		Medium		High		
i. Transition Difficulty	Low		Low		Medium		High		
j. Human Capital Impact	Low		Low-Medium		Medium-High		High		